

**BUTLER, SNOW,
O'MARA, STEVENS
& CANNADA, PLLC**

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

WILLIAM M. GAGE
(601) 985-4561

January 21, 2003

VIA FACSIMILE 420-0033

Gray Laird
Page Kruger & Holland
775 Woodlands Parkway, Suite 100
Post Office Box 1163
Jackson, MS 39215

Re: Harmon v. Wyeth
Robbins v. Wyeth
Binion v. Wyeth
Chandler v. Wyeth
Mosley v. Wyeth
Stallings v. Wyeth
Sanders v. Wyeth

Dear Gray:

You and your co-counsel were going to meet last week to discuss your diet drug cases, the issues raised in Bob Rosenbaum's letter of June 25, 2002, and the other procedural issues you and I have been discussing. You had agreed to contact me following your meeting so that we may discuss a possible resolution of those issues.

Please give me a call at your earliest convenience so we can discuss these matters. We may want to arrange a meeting face to face.

Very truly yours,

BUTLER, SNOW, O'MARA, STEVENS &
CANNADA, PLLC


William M. Gage

WMG:sf

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03/13/2003 10:01 FAX 6019854500

BUTLER SNOW ATTYS.

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February 5, 2003

VIA FACSIMILE

Gray Laird
Page Kruger & Holland
775 Woodlands Parkway, Suite 100
Post Office Box 1163
Jackson, MS 39215

Re: Janice Binion, et al. v. vs. Wyeth, et al.
Lillian Chandler, et al. vs. Wyeth, et al.
Patricia Mosley, et al. v. Wyeth, et al.
Brenda Stallings, et al. v. Wyeth, et al.
Mary F. Sanders, et al. v. Wyeth, et al.
Harmon, et al. v. Wyeth, et al.
~~Robbins~~, et al. v. Wyeth, et al.

Dear Gray:

Thank you for your voice mail message of January 28 wherein you advised that you and Wil Colom have yet to meet to discuss the issues contained in Bob Rosenbaum's letter of June 25, 2002, (along with the personal jurisdiction issues you and I have discussed). As you know, Wyeth believes there a number of procedural and substantive problems with the diet drug complaints filed by your and Wil's firms and we want to make every effort to work those problems out before filing motions in the MDL. Based on your voice mail of January 28, it is my understanding you will be meeting with Wil in the next two weeks to discuss these issues. I look forward to hearing from you immediately following that meeting so we can discuss the various issues and begin work on agreed orders to cure the problems.

Apart from the problems we have already brought to your attention, two additional significant matters need to be included in your discussions with Wil. First, despite our repeated requests, we still have not received the vast majority (i.e., at least 75%) of the videotapes of the echos interpreted by your experts (primarily Dr. Razzak Tai) which purportedly qualify the plaintiffs as eligible to exercise opt out rights. Those videotapes are critical to our defense, and we need them immediately.

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

GULFPORT, MISSISSIPPI

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

WASHINGTON, D.C.

03/13/2003 10:01 FAX 6019854500

BUTLER SNOW ATTYS.

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Gray Laird
February 5, 2003
Page 3

Second, based on the echo reports prepared by your experts (which we have on approximately 90% of the plaintiffs), perhaps as many as 80% to 90% of those reports do not reveal levels of regurgitation necessary to allow the plaintiff to exercise opt out rights. Obviously, the claims of any plaintiff who in the opinion of his/her own expert does not meet the eligibility requirements must be dismissed with prejudice.

In order to allow plaintiffs additional time to produce the echo tapes which have not been produced, and to allow us additional time to work out these threshold issues, I suggest we agree in all seven of your cases to stay all discovery, except for the continuing production of medical records and echoes, through April 30, 2003. Please discuss this stay with Wil and let me know if you are agreeable.

I look forward to hearing from you.

Very truly yours,

BUTLER SNOW O'MARA STEVENS &
CANNADA, PLLC


William M Gage

WMG:pr
Enclosure

cc: All Counsel of Record (Via U.S. Mail)

ARNOLD & PORTER

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March 4, 2003

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Post Office Box 1163
Jackson, MS 39215-1163

Wilbur O. Colom, Esq.
The Colom Law Firm
Post Office Box 866
Columbus, MS 39703-0866

Re: *Janice Binton v. WPI, et al.*

Dear Counsel:

On behalf of Wyeth, formerly known as American Home Products Corporation, I am writing to address the status of plaintiff(s) in the above-referenced case, with respect to the terms of the Nationwide Class Action Settlement with American Home Products Corporation (the "Settlement"), approved by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania in *In re Diet Drugs (Phentermine/Fenfluramine/Dexfenfluramine) Products Liability Litigation (Sheila Brown et al. v. American Home Products Corporation)*, MDL Docket No. 1203, Civ. No. 99-20593.

A person who has Primary Pulmonary Hypertension ("PPH") may assert claims against Wyeth based upon that condition, but only persons with PPH as specifically defined in the Nationwide Class Action Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") are eligible for this PPH exclusion. See Settlement Agreement § I.46. Your Complaint and other submissions thus far in this case indicate that at least some of the plaintiffs in this case may be alleging PPH consistent with the definition of PPH found in the Settlement Agreement.

The Settlement Agreement definition of PPH requires specific findings and medical records demonstrating by particular results that certain medical conditions have been excluded. *Id.* at § I.46.a(1) and (2). Further, the Settlement Agreement definition of PPH requires that a Board-Certified Cardiologist or Board-Certified Pulmonologist have ruled out alternative conditions known to cause PPH. *Id.* at § I.46.a(3).

Washington, DC New York Los Angeles Century City Denver London Northern Virginia

004

BUTLER SNOW ATTYS

03/11/03 TUE 14:28 FAX

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Thomas Y. Page, Esq.
Wilbur O. Colom, Esq.
March 4, 2003
Page 2

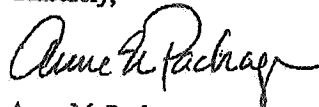
Pursuant to PTO 2383, the MDL Court has ordered that class members, such as these plaintiffs, who are filing suits allegedly based upon PPH, are required:

upon written request of Wyeth . . . to provide Wyeth . . . with all medical evidence, including medical records and tests, that relate to a diagnosis that the Class Member has PPH as defined by the criteria set forth in Sections L46 and L53 of the Settlement Agreement. Such medical evidence shall be disclosed within thirty (30) days of a written request and must be accompanied by a certification stating that the information being produced to the requesting party is a *complete set of medical evidence upon which the Class Member is relying to establish PPH* as defined by Sections L46 and L53 of the Settlement Agreement.

See PTO 2383, ¶ 2 (emphasis added) (a copy of PTO 2383 is attached for your information).

Accordingly, within thirty (30) days of this letter, please submit the required medical evidence and accompanying certification with respect to any plaintiff in this case who is alleging PPH to this office. If such evidence and certification is not forthcoming, and in fact PPH in accordance with the Settlement definition is not being alleged, we would ask that you agree to the stipulation attached hereto.

Sincerely,



Anne M. Package

Enclosures

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March 4, 2003

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Wilbur O. Colom, Esq.
The Colom Law Firm
Post Office Box 866
Columbus, MS 39703-0866

Re: *Brenda Stallings v. WPI, et al.*

Dear Counsel:

On behalf of Wyeth, formerly known as American Home Products Corporation, I am writing to address the status of plaintiff(s) in the above-referenced case, with respect to the terms of the Nationwide Class Action Settlement with American Home Products Corporation (the "Settlement"), approved by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania in *In re Diet Drugs (Phentermine/Fenfluramine/Dexfenfluramine) Products Liability Litigation (Sheila Brown et al. v. American Home Products Corporation)*, MDL Docket No. 1203, Civ. No. 99-20593.

A person who has Primary Pulmonary Hypertension ("PPH") may assert claims against Wyeth based upon that condition, but only persons with PPH as specifically defined in the Nationwide Class Action Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") are eligible for this PPH exclusion. See Settlement Agreement § I.46. Your Complaint and other submissions thus far in this case indicate that at least some of the plaintiffs in this case may be alleging PPH consistent with the definition of PPH found in the Settlement Agreement.

The Settlement Agreement definition of PPH requires specific findings and medical records demonstrating by particular results that certain medical conditions have been excluded. *Id.* at § I.46.a(1) and (2). Further, the Settlement Agreement definition of PPH requires that a Board-Certified Cardiologist or Board-Certified Pulmonologist have ruled out alternative conditions known to cause PPH. *Id.* at § I.46.a(3).

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Wilbur O. Colom, Esq.
March 4, 2003
Page 2

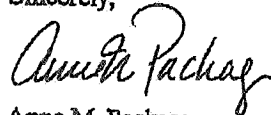
Pursuant to PTO 2383, the MDL Court has ordered that class members, such as these plaintiffs, who are filing suits allegedly based upon PPH, are required:

upon written request of Wyeth . . . to provide Wyeth . . . with all medical evidence, including medical records and tests, that relate to a diagnosis that the Class Member has PPH as defined by the criteria set forth in Sections L46 and L53 of the Settlement Agreement. Such medical evidence shall be disclosed within thirty (30) days of a written request and must be accompanied by a certification stating that the information being produced to the requesting party is a *complete set of medical evidence upon which the Class Member is relying to establish PPH* as defined by Sections L46 and L53 of the Settlement Agreement.

See PTO 2383, ¶ 2 (emphasis added) (a copy of PTO 2383 is attached for your information).

Accordingly, within thirty (30) days of this letter, please submit the required medical evidence and accompanying certification with respect to any plaintiff in this case who is alleging PPH to this office. If such evidence and certification is not forthcoming, and in fact PPH in accordance with the Settlement definition is not being alleged, we would ask that you agree to the stipulation attached hereto.

Sincerely,



Anne M. Package

Enclosures

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March 4, 2003

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Wilbur O. Colom, Esq.
The Colom Law Firm
Post Office Box 866
Columbus, MS 39703-0866

Re: *Mary F. Sanders v. WPI, et al.*

Dear Counsel:

On behalf of Wyeth, formerly known as American Home Products Corporation, I am writing to address the status of plaintiff(s) in the above-referenced case, with respect to the terms of the Nationwide Class Action Settlement with American Home Products Corporation (the "Settlement"), approved by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania in *In re Diet Drugs (Phentermine/Fenfluramine/Dexfenfluramine) Products Liability Litigation (Sheila Brown et al. v. American Home Products Corporation)*, MDL Docket No. 1203, Civ. No. 99-20593.

A person who has Primary Pulmonary Hypertension ("PPH") may assert claims against Wyeth based upon that condition, but only persons with PPH as specifically defined in the Nationwide Class Action Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") are eligible for this PPH exclusion. See Settlement Agreement § 1.46. Your Complaint and other submissions thus far in this case indicate that at least some of the plaintiffs in this case may be alleging PPH consistent with the definition of PPH found in the Settlement Agreement.

The Settlement Agreement definition of PPH requires specific findings and medical records demonstrating by particular results that certain medical conditions have been excluded. *Id.* at § 1.46.a(1) and (2). Further, the Settlement Agreement definition of PPH requires that a Board-Certified Cardiologist or Board-Certified Pulmonologist have ruled out alternative conditions known to cause PPH. *Id.* at § 1.46.a(3).

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Thomas Y. Page, Esq.
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March 4, 2003
Page 2

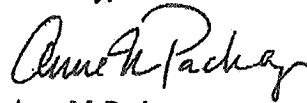
Pursuant to PTO 2383, the MDL Court has ordered that class members, such as these plaintiffs, who are filing suits allegedly based upon PPH, are required:

upon written request of Wyeth . . . to provide Wyeth . . . with all medical evidence, including medical records and tests, that relate to a diagnosis that the Class Member has PPH as defined by the criteria set forth in Sections L46 and L53 of the Settlement Agreement. Such medical evidence shall be disclosed within thirty (30) days of a written request and must be accompanied by a certification stating that the information being produced to the requesting party is a *complete set of medical evidence upon which the Class Member is relying to establish PPH* as defined by Sections L46 and L53 of the Settlement Agreement.

See PTO 2383, ¶ 2 (emphasis added) (a copy of PTO 2383 is attached for your information).

Accordingly, within thirty (30) days of this letter, please submit the required medical evidence and accompanying certification with respect to any plaintiff in this case who is alleging PPH to this office. If such evidence and certification is not forthcoming, and in fact PPH in accordance with the Settlement definition is not being alleged, we would ask that you agree to the stipulation attached hereto.

Sincerely,



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March 4, 2003

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Wilbur O. Colom, Esq.
The Colom Law Firm
Post Office Box 866
Columbus, MS 39703-0866

Re: *Patricia Mosley v. WPI, et al.*

Dear Counsel:

On behalf of Wyeth, formerly known as American Home Products Corporation, I am writing to address the status of plaintiff(s) in the above-referenced case, with respect to the terms of the Nationwide Class Action Settlement with American Home Products Corporation (the "Settlement"), approved by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania in *In re Diet Drugs (Phentermine/Fenfluramine/Dexfenfluramine) Products Liability Litigation (Sheila Brown et al. v. American Home Products Corporation)*, MDL Docket No. 1203, Civ. No. 99-20593.

A person who has Primary Pulmonary Hypertension ("PPH") may assert claims against Wyeth based upon that condition, but only persons with PPH as specifically defined in the Nationwide Class Action Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") are eligible for this PPH exclusion. See Settlement Agreement § 1.46. Your Complaint and other submissions thus far in this case indicate that at least some of the plaintiffs in this case may be alleging PPH consistent with the definition of PPH found in the Settlement Agreement.

The Settlement Agreement definition of PPH requires specific findings and medical records demonstrating by particular results that certain medical conditions have been excluded. *Id.* at § 1.46.a(1) and (2). Further, the Settlement Agreement definition of PPH requires that a Board-Certified Cardiologist or Board-Certified Pulmonologist have ruled out alternative conditions known to cause PPH. *Id.* at § 1.46.a(3).

Washington, DC New York Los Angeles Century City Denver London Northern Virginia

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S. ALLY MONS BUTLER

03/11/03 TUE 14:28 FAX

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March 4, 2003
Page 2

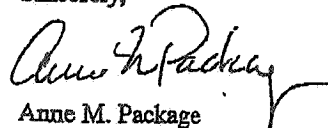
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See PTO 2383, ¶ 2 (emphasis added) (a copy of PTO 2383 is attached for your information).

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Wilbur O. Colom, Esq.
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Post Office Box 866
Columbus, MS 39703-0866

Re: *Lillian Chandler v. WPI, et al.*

Dear Counsel:

On behalf of Wyeth, formerly known as American Home Products Corporation, I am writing to address the status of plaintiff(s) in the above-referenced case, with respect to the terms of the Nationwide Class Action Settlement with American Home Products Corporation (the "Settlement"), approved by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania in *In re Diet Drugs (Phentermine/Fenfluramine/Dexfenfluramine) Products Liability Litigation (Sheila Brown et al. v. American Home Products Corporation)*, MDL Docket No. 1203, Civ. No. 99-20593.

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March 4, 2003
Page 2

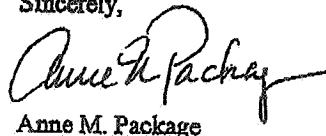
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March 4, 2003

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Post Office Box 1163
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Wilbur O. Colom, Esq.
The Colom Law Firm
Post Office Box 866
Columbus, MS 39703-0866

Re: *Durwanda Robbins v. WPI, et al.*

Dear Counsel:

On behalf of Wyeth, formerly known as American Home Products Corporation, I am writing to address the status of plaintiff(s) in the above-referenced case, with respect to the terms of the Nationwide Class Action Settlement with American Home Products Corporation (the "Settlement"), approved by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania in *In re Diet Drugs (Phentermine/Fenfluramine/Dexfenfluramine) Products Liability Litigation (Sheila Brown et al. v. American Home Products Corporation)*, MDL Docket No. 1203, Civ. No. 99-20593.

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Page 2


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Sincerely,


Anne M. Package

Enclosures

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Dorothy N. Giobbe, hereby certify that on the 3rd of April, 2003, I caused the foregoing **Joint Motion to Stay Proceedings and For Entry of Proposed Scheduling** to be served by first class mail upon:

Arnold Levin, Esquire
Levin, Fishbein, Sedran & Berman
510 Walnut Street
Suite 500
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(215) 592-1500
(215) 592-4663 (FAX)
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Cummings, Cummings & Dudenhefer
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(504) 522-8423 (FAX)
Co-Chair of Plaintiffs' Management Committee

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Jean M. Geoppinger, Esquire
Waite, Schneider, Bayless, Chesley Co., L.P.A.
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(513) 621-0267
(513) 621-0262 (FAX)
Co-Chair of Plaintiffs' Management Committee

Ms. Deborah A. Hyland
Plaintiffs' Management Committee
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Philadelphia, PA 19106
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(215) 923-1153 (ALTERNATE NUMBER)
(215) 629-3998 (FAX)
(215) 923-3717 (ALTERNATE FAX)

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(215) 851-8248 (Direct Dial)
(215) 851-1420 (FAX)

Liaison Counsel for Fenfluramine/Dexfenfluramine Defendants

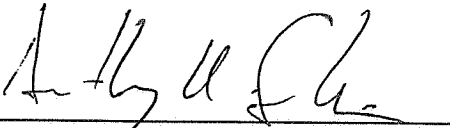
Edward W. Madeira, Jr., Esquire
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**NOTE: Pepper Hamilton Central
Mailroom located at: 3000 Two
Logan Square 18th & Arch Streets
Philadelphia, PA 19103**

Liaison Counsel for Phentermine Manufacturers & Suppliers

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McDermott, Will & Emery
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Co-Lead Counsel for Phentermine Defendants

Edward S. Weltman, Esquire
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Co-Lead Counsel for Phentermine Defendants


Dorothy N. Giobbe